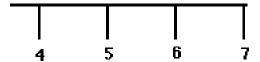
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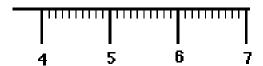
ALL work must be shown to receive full credit. Due at the end of laboratory.

ICE2.1. What is the difference in meaning between the length 4.2 meters and 4.20 meters?

The difference is in the measuring device. To measure 4.2 meters the last digit has some uncertainty. So the measuring device was probably marked in meters with no marks inbetween.



The measuring device that measured 4.20 meters had 10 marks between each meter mark.



ICE2.2. Which of the following measurements are inconsistent with precision of the graduated cylinder in your locker? Explain.

30 mL, 42.56 mL, 35 mL, 92.5 mL

ICE2.3 Round off the following numbers to the indicated number of sig figs.

a) 0.350763 (3 sig figs) **0.351**

b) 22.55555 (5 sig figs) **22.556**

c) 653.899 (4 sig figs) **653.9**

d) $5.0499 \times 10^{-5} (4 \text{ sig figs})$ **5.050** x **10**⁻⁵

e) $5.0499 \times 10^{-5} (2 \text{ sig figs})$ **5.0** $\times 10^{-5}$

f) 235,000 (2 sig figs) **2.4 x 10**⁵

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ICE2.4. Determine the result to the correct number of significant figures.

a)
$$4.5 \times 4.05 \times 4.50 = 82$$

b)
$$\left(\frac{655000}{6.5500}\right) = 1.00 \text{ x } 10^5$$

c)
$$\left(\frac{6.00}{33.000}\right) = 0.182$$

d)
$$\left(\frac{4.5 \cdot 6.3}{7.22}\right) = 3.9$$

e)
$$\left(\frac{112 \cdot 20}{30 \cdot 63}\right) = 1$$

ICE2.5. Determine the result to the correct number of significant figures.

b)
$$43.65 - 23.7 = 20.0$$

c)
$$1237.6 + 23 + 0.12 = 1.2376 \times 10^3 + 2.3 \times 10^1 + 1.2 \times 10^{-1} =$$

$$1.2376 \times 10^3 + 0.023 \times 10^3 + 0.00012 \times 10^3 = 1.261 \times 10^3$$

d)
$$4650 + 25 + 200 = 4.65 \times 10^3 + 2.5 \times 10^1 + 2 \times 10^2 =$$

$$4.65 \times 10^3 + 0.025 \times 10^3 + 0.2 \times 10^3 = 4.9 \times 10^3$$

e)
$$4.72 - 3.908 = 0.81$$

f)
$$\left(\frac{12.376 + 12.374}{2.13}\right) = 11.6$$

g)
$$5.0499 \times 10^{-5} + 6.012 \times 10^{-4} = 6.517 \times 10^{-4}$$

h)
$$1.35 \times 10^3 - 6.234 \times 10^2 = 7.3 \times 10^2$$

ICE2.6. Perform the following conversions;

a) 73.5 km to miles (use at least 3 conversion factors)

$$73.5 \text{ km } \left(\frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}}\right) \left(\frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}}\right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ in}}{2.54 \text{ cm}}\right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}}\right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ mile}}{5280 \text{ ft}}\right) = 45.7 \text{ mile}$$

b) liquid nitrogen boils at -196 °C, calculate the temperature in °F and K.

$$^{\bullet}F = \frac{9}{5} ^{\bullet}C + 32 = \frac{9}{5}(-196) + 32 = -321 ^{\bullet}F$$

$$K = {}^{\bullet}C + 273 = -196 + 273 = 77 K$$

c) a fertilizer suggests an application of 2.06 x $10^{-1} \, \frac{kg}{m^2}$. Convert to $\frac{pounds}{foot^2}$.

2.06 x 10⁻¹
$$\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^2} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ kg}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{454 \text{ g}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{2.54 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ inch}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \right)^2$$

= 4.22 x 10³ $\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2}$

d) How many gallons in a 575 mLs?

575 mL
$$\left(\frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}}\right) \left(\frac{1.0567 \text{ quart}}{1 \text{ L}}\right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ gal}}{4 \text{ guart}}\right) = 1.52 \text{ x } 10^{-1} \text{ gallons}$$

ICE2.7. What is the formula for the compound formed from the following combination of elements;

- a) Na and bromine **NaBr**
- b) magnesium and oxygen MgO
- c) aluminum and Cl₂ AlCl₃
- d) iron and sulfur FeS or Fe₂S₃

ICE2.8. Complete the following table.

Name of the compound	Formula of the compound	
diphosphorus pentoxide	P ₂ O ₅	
Lead sulfide	PbS	
Hydrogen fluoride	HF(g)	
ammonia	NH ₃	
diboron trioxide	B ₂ O ₃	
copper(I) chloride	CuCl	
silver sulfide	Ag ₂ S	
Dinitrogen tetrabromide	N ₂ Br ₄	
potassium peroxide	K ₂ O ₂	