

### Additional Problems for Exam #1

1. When water boils in a pressure cooker the vapor pressure of water is 1450 mmHg. Assuming  $\Delta H^\circ_{\text{vap}}$  is  $40.7 \text{ kJ}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$  calculate the temperature of the water in the pressure cooker.
2. The  $\Delta H^\circ_{\text{vap}}$  for mercury liquid is  $59.4 \text{ kJ}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$  and its normal boiling point is  $357^\circ\text{C}$ . Calculate the vapor pressure of mercury at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .
3. Carbon tetrachloride has a vapor pressure of 200. mmHg at  $37.5^\circ\text{C}$  and 450. mmHg at  $58.2^\circ\text{C}$ . Calculate the  $\Delta H^\circ_{\text{vap}}$  of carbon tetrachloride.
4. Can  $\text{MgCl}_2$  have the same structure as  $\text{NaCl}$ ? Explain.
5. Diamond has the same structure as  $\text{SiC}$  which is shown in Figure 12.33 on page 449 in your text. Describe this structure assuming all of the atoms are the same. How many carbon atoms in the unit cell? The edge length is  $3.567 \text{ \AA}$ , calculate the density of diamond.
6. The density of  $\text{NiO}$  is  $6.806 \text{ g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$  and the edge length of the cube is  $4.177 \text{ \AA}$ . Calculate the mass of the unit cell. How many formula units are in the unit cell?